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Submitted: 17 August 2013

Accepted: 18 September 2013

Published Online: 15 October 2013

Gold ion implantation into alumina using an “inverted ion source” configuration

Review of Scientific Instruments **85**, 02B502 (2014); <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4824755>

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ABSTRACT

We describe an approach to ion implantation in which the plasma and its electronics are held at ground potential and the ion beam is injected into a space held at high negative potential, allowing considerable savings both economically and technologically. We used an “inverted ion implanter” of this kind to carry out implantation of gold into alumina, with Au ion energy 40 keV and dose $(3-9) \times 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-2}$. Resistivity was measured *in situ* as a function of dose and compared with predictions of a model based on percolation theory, in which electron transport in the composite is explained by conduction through a random resistor network formed by Au nanoparticles. Excellent agreement is found between the experimental results and the theory.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This work was supported by the Fundação de Amparo a Pesquisa do Estado de São Paulo (FAPESP) and the Conselho Nacional de Desenvolvimento Científico e Tecnológico (CNPq), Brazil. We are grateful to the Institute of Ion Beam Physics and Materials Research at the Forschungszentrum Dresden-Rossendorf, Germany, for the TRIDYN-FZR computer simulation code.

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